



UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/705,525	11/10/2003	Attila Barta	RSW920030176US1	5400
51016	7590	03/19/2008	EXAMINER	
IBM CORP. (RALEIGH SOFTWARE GROUP) c/o Rudolf O Siegesmund Gordon & Rees, LLP 2100 Ross Avenue Suite 2800 DALLAS, TX 75201			CHEN, QING	
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		2191		
		MAIL DATE		DELIVERY MODE
		03/19/2008		PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/705,525	BARTA ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Qing Chen	2191	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15 January 2008.
 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1,3-14, 16-21 and 23-40 is/are pending in the application.
 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
 6) Claim(s) 1,3-14, 16-21 and 23-40 is/are rejected.
 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ . |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____. | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ . |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office action is in response to the amendment filed on January 15, 2008.
2. **Claims 1, 3-14, 16-21, and 23-40** are pending.
3. **Claims 1, 3-14, 16, 17, 19-21, 23, 28, 29, 32-34, 39, and 40** have been amended.
4. **Claims 2, 15, and 22** have been cancelled.
5. The objections to Claims 1, 3-11, 14, 20, 21, and 34 are withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendments to the claims. However, Applicant's amendments to the claims fail to address the objections to Claims 12 and 13 due to improper antecedent basis. Accordingly, these objections are maintained and further explained below.
6. The 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, rejections of Claims 1, 3-14, 16-21, and 23-40 are withdrawn in view of Applicant's amendments to the claims.

Response to Amendment

Claim Objections

7. **Claims 1, 3-14, 16-20, and 34-40** are objected to because of the following informalities:
 - **Claim 1** recites the limitations “a previously installed component” and “a third plurality of component deployment dependency data.” Applicant is advised to change these limitations to read “a previously installed software component” and “a third plurality of software component deployment dependency data,” respectively, for the purpose of keeping the claim language consistent throughout the claims.
 - **Claims 1, 14, 20, and 34** recite the limitation “a component deployment dependency data.” Applicant is advised to change this limitation to read “a software component

deployment dependency data” for the purpose of keeping the claim language consistent throughout the claims.

- **Claims 1 and 20** recite the limitation “an indication of necessary components.” Applicant is advised to change this limitation to read “an indication of necessary software components” for the purpose of keeping the claim language consistent throughout the claims.
- **Claims 3-13** depend on Claim 1 and, therefore, suffer the same deficiencies as Claim 1.
- **Claims 16-19** depend on Claim 14 and, therefore, suffer the same deficiency as Claim 14.
- **Claims 35-40** depend on Claim 34 and, therefore, suffer the same deficiency as Claim 34.
- **Claim 1** contains a typographical error: “[T]he plurality of applications include an application server” should read -- [T]he plurality of applications *includes* an application server --.
- **Claim 9** contains a typographical error: “[T]he tenth plurality of dependent remaining software components is identified” should read -- [T]he tenth plurality of dependent remaining software components *are* identified --.
- **Claims 12 and 13** recite “[t]he method” as the category of invention. Applicant is advised to change this category of invention to read “[t]he computer implemented method” for the purpose of providing it with proper explicit antecedent basis.

- **Claim 38** recites the limitation “the conflict.” Applicant is advised to change this limitation to read “the detected conflict” for the purpose of providing it with proper explicit antecedent basis.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

8. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

9. **Claims 1, 3-14, 16-19, 21, and 23-40** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Claims 1, 14, 21, and 34 recite the limitations of “a plurality of software components of a plurality of applications” and “wherein the plurality of applications includes an application server.” The subject matter is not properly described in the application as filed, since the specification only discloses a plurality of software components (*see Page 6, Paragraphs [26] and [27]*) and that the plurality of software components includes an application server (*see Page 8, Paragraph [31]*). The specification lacks disclosure on a plurality of applications and that the

plurality of applications includes an application server. Because the specification does not adequately support the claimed subject matter, it would not reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

Claims 3-13 depend on Claim 1 and, therefore, suffer the same deficiency as Claim 1.

Claims 16-19 depend on Claim 14 and, therefore, suffer the same deficiency as Claim 14.

Claims 23-33 depend on Claim 21 and, therefore, suffer the same deficiency as Claim 21.

Claims 35-40 depend on Claim 34 and, therefore, suffer the same deficiency as Claim 34.

10. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

11. **Claims 1, 3-13, 35, and 39** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 1 recites the limitation “the pre-deployment analysis.” There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. In the interest of compact prosecution, the

Examiner subsequently interprets this limitation as reading “a pre-deployment analysis” for the purpose of further examination.

Claims 3-13 depend on Claim 1 and, therefore, suffer the same deficiency as Claim 1.

Claim 35 recites the limitation “the conflict.” There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. In the interest of compact prosecution, the Examiner subsequently interprets this limitation as reading “a conflict” for the purpose of further examination.

Claim 39 recites the limitation “the removal.” There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. In the interest of compact prosecution, the Examiner subsequently interprets this limitation as reading “a removal” for the purpose of further examination.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

12. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

13. **Claims 20, 34, 35, and 37-40** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **US 6,442,754 (hereinafter “Curtis”)** in view of **US 6,725,452 (hereinafter “Te’eni”)** and **US 2003/0037327 (hereinafter “Cicciarelli”)**.

As per **Claim 20**, Curtis discloses:

- for each of the second plurality of software components, a software component deployment dependency data, an indication of necessary software components for an operation of each of the second plurality of software components (*see Figure 5; Column 13: 7-27 and 33-37, “... a data structure ... is maintained in the registry object or registry database 220, indicating installed programs and dependent components on which installed programs depend.* In the embodiment of FIG. 5, the data structure is a hierarchical arrangement of programs, file sets, and dependent components in the form of a directory tree.” and “Each installed file set component has a Dependency subdirectory which includes information on each dependent component on which the file set and program depend in order to operate. The dependency subdirectory would list the program name, version, filesset name, and filesset version for each program on which the filesset including the dependency subdirectory depends.” and “... the dependency directory may indicate dependent file sets or registry objects that are the subject matter of the processed dependency object. If there are no dependent components, then the dependency directory will contain no values.”); and
- wherein an alert is automatically generated if an attempt is made to install a software component having an indication of incompatibility (*see Column 10: 36-40, “The description ('desc') field 434 provides a written description of the dependency. The description in the field 434 is displayed to the user if the dependency is not satisfied. The description information may list the name of the dependent component(s) not installed.”*).

However, Curtis does not disclose:

- an indication of incompatibility with one or more software components of the first plurality of software components; and
- wherein the software component installation package is adapted for installation of an application server.

Te'eni discloses:

- an indication of incompatibility with one or more software components of the first plurality of software components (*see Column 1: 61-64, "When performing the predefined procedures necessary for an upgrade to be implemented frequently dependency conflicts may arise among the components present and the components to be installed."*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Te'eni into the teaching of Curtis to include an indication of incompatibility with one or more software components of the first plurality of software components. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to prevent any unsuccessful installation (*see Te'eni – Column 1: 64-66*).

Cicciarelli discloses:

- wherein the software component installation package is adapted for installation of an application server (*see Paragraph [0014], "For example, a suite may contain a number of IBM middleware products which are to be deployed across an enterprise, such as IBM WebSphere® Application Server, IBM HTTP Server, Lotus® Domino™, DB2 Universal Database™, and associated clients."*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Cicciarelli into the teaching of Curtis to

include wherein the software component installation package is adapted for installation of an application server. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to install an application server.

As per **Claim 34**, Curtis discloses:

- loading an installation package, the installation package including a data structure (*see Figure 2: 101; Column 5: 56-58, “A script, referred to herein as ‘installerjava’, 101 FIG. 2, is used to run the install engine. The script implements the base installer class in Java.”; Column 7: 40-45, “... a platform independent registry database class 220 is created which ties the platform specific code 201 with registry objects 332. The registry database 220 implements the registry function for those platforms which do not have a registry.”);*
- searching a target to which the plurality of software components are to be installed to identify a plurality of previously installed software components (*see Column 11: 11-20, “... a call to the check_dependency function ... This function determines whether the file, program or registry object indicated in the dependency object 400 is installed on the computer.”*); and
- for a first software component, accessing, in the data structure, a software component deployment dependency data, an indication of necessary software components for an operation of the first software component (*see Figure 5; Column 13: 7-27 and 33-37, “... a data structure ... is maintained in the registry object or registry database 220, indicating installed programs and dependent components on which installed programs depend. In the embodiment of FIG. 5, the data structure is a hierarchical arrangement of programs, file sets, and dependent components in the form of a directory tree.” and “Each installed file set component has a*

Dependency subdirectory which includes information on each dependent component on which the file set and program depend in order to operate. The dependency subdirectory would list the program name, version, filesset name, and filesset version for each program on which the filesset including the dependency subdirectory depends.” and “... the dependency directory may indicate dependent file sets or registry objects that are the subject matter of the processed dependency object. If there are no dependent components, then the dependency directory will contain no values.”).

However, Curtis does not disclose:

- an indication of incompatibility with a previously installed software component;
- analyzing a plurality of data from the data structure to determine a plurality of

conflicts between the first software component to be installed and the plurality of software components previously installed on the system; and

- wherein the plurality of applications includes an application server.

Te’eni discloses:

- an indication of incompatibility with a previously installed software component (see

Column 1: 61-64, “When performing the predefined procedures necessary for an upgrade to be implemented frequently dependency conflicts may arise among the components present and the components to be installed.”); and

- analyzing a plurality of data from the data structure to determine a plurality of

conflicts between the first software component to be installed and the plurality of software components previously installed on the system (see *Column 1: 61-64, “When performing the*

predefined procedures necessary for an upgrade to be implemented frequently dependency conflicts may arise among the components present and the components to be installed.”).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Te'eni into the teaching of Curtis to include an indication of incompatibility with a previously installed software component; and analyzing a plurality of data from the data structure to determine a plurality of conflicts between the first software component to be installed and the plurality of software components previously installed on the system. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to prevent any unsuccessful installation (*see Te'eni – Column 1: 64-66*).

Cicciarelli discloses:

- wherein the plurality of applications includes an application server (*see Paragraph [0014], “For example, a suite may contain a number of IBM middleware products which are to be deployed across an enterprise, such as IBM WebSphere® Application Server, IBM HTTP Server, Lotus® Domino™, DB2 Universal Database™, and associated clients.”*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Cicciarelli into the teaching of Curtis to include wherein the plurality of applications includes an application server. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to install an application server.

As per **Claim 35**, the rejection of **Claim 34** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- notifying a user of a conflict (*see Column 10: 36-40, “The description (‘desc’) field 434 provides a written description of the dependency. The description in the field 434 is displayed to the user if the dependency is not satisfied. The description information may list the name of the dependent component(s) not installed.”*).

As per **Claim 37**, the rejection of **Claim 34** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- ignoring a detected conflict and continuing the installation (*see Column 12: 51-53, “When the user selects to install the file, the install program 17 will execute the install script in either the Install 416 or SInstall field 418.”*).

As per **Claim 38**, the rejection of **Claim 37** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- entering a note in a log of the detected conflict (*see Figure 2: 140; Column 7: 4-5, “During install, the log 140 and ‘uninstall.Java1’ 150 information are built.”; Column 8: 24-29, “... providing various logs, e.g. a log for keeping track of what is being installed, and a log that reports the progress of install. Logs are used for both the install and uninstall process. Furthermore, these logs are human readable which allows them to be checked, e.g., after a silent install, to ensure that a file has installed successfully.”*).

As per **Claim 39**, the rejection of **Claim 34** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- initiating a removal of an installed software component (*see Figure 6: 560; Column 13: 50-51, “... the program processes a request to uninstall a program.”*);

- accessing the data structure (*see Column 13: 51-52, “Control transfers to block 562*

where the program processes all the dependency directories.”); and

- identifying a conflict if the installed software component is removed (*see Column 13:*

63-67, “... displays to the user on the display means 14 information indicating the depending programs that should be uninstalled before continuing with the uninstallation of the program, which is a dependent program.”).

As per **Claim 40**, the rejection of **Claim 34** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- initiating an installation of a second software component (*see Figure 2: 340; Column 11: 23-24, “... a file set 340 is installed.”);*

*- searching a target to which the second software component is to be installed to identify installed software components (*see Column 11: 11-20, “... a call to the check_dependency function ... This function determines whether the file, program or registry object indicated in the dependency object 400 is installed on the computer.”);**

- accessing the data structure (*see Column 11: 50-52, “... the check_dependency*

function may utilize a registry database 220 to maintain information typically maintained in a registry file.”); and

- determining if all other software components required by the second software

*component are installed (*see Column 11: 57-61, “... determine whether the program and version indicated in the Program Name 408 and Program Version 410 fields is installed in the system 10.”).**

14. **Claim 36** is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Curtis** in view of **Te’eni** and **Cicciarelli** as applied to Claim 34 above, and further in view of **US 6,918,112** (hereinafter “**Bourke-Dunphy**”).

As per **Claim 36**, the rejection of **Claim 34** is incorporated; however, Curtis, Te’eni, and Cicciarelli do not disclose:

- aborting the installation if a conflict is detected.

Bourke-Dunphy discloses:

- aborting the installation if a conflict is detected (*see Figure 5: 236; Column 8: 35-38, “... the user may select a CANCEL action button 236 to return to the component selection user interface ... where the user may manually modify the component selections.”*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Bourke-Dunphy into the teaching of Curtis to include aborting the installation if a conflict is detected. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to allow the user to exit the current installation, correct the error identified, and reinitiate the installation procedure (*see Bourke-Dunphy – Column 1: 27-34*).

15. **Claims 1, 3, 4, 6-14, 16-19, 21, 23, 24, and 26-33** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Curtis** in view of **Te’eni**, **US 6,675,382** (hereinafter “**Foster**”), and **Cicciarelli**.

As per **Claim 1**, Curtis discloses:

- using a data structure in a storage that provides, for each of the plurality of software components from the plurality of applications, a software component deployment dependency data, an indication of necessary software components for an operation of each of the plurality of software components being installed (*see Figure 5; Column 13: 7-27 and 33-37, “... a data structure ... is maintained in the registry object or registry database 220, indicating installed programs and dependent components on which installed programs depend. In the embodiment of FIG. 5, the data structure is a hierarchical arrangement of programs, file sets, and dependent components in the form of a directory tree.” and “Each installed file set component has a Dependency subdirectory which includes information on each dependent component on which the file set and program depend in order to operate. The dependency subdirectory would list the program name, version, filesset name, and filesset version for each program on which the filesset including the dependency subdirectory depends.” and “... the dependency directory may indicate dependent file sets or registry objects that are the subject matter of the processed dependency object. If there are no dependent components, then the dependency directory will contain no values.”); and*
- using a computer connected to the storage and a program installed in a memory of the computer (*see Figure 1: 10; Column 5: 29-31, “The programs in memory 12 includes an operating system (OS) 16 program and application programs, such as an install program 17 or an installer tool kit.”*), performing the steps of:
 - determining a first plurality of software components previously installed on a system (*see Column 11: 11-20, “... a call to the check_dependency function ... This function*

determines whether the file, program or registry object indicated in the dependency object 400 is installed on the computer.”;

- determining a second plurality of software components to be installed on the system (*see Figure 2: 340; Column 11: 23-24, “... a file set 340 is installed.”;*
- accessing a third plurality of software component deployment dependency data (*see Column 13: 18-21, “Each installed file set component has a Dependency subdirectory which includes information on each dependent component on which the file set and program depend in order to operate.”;* and
- accessing a sixth plurality of metadata from the data structure regarding the second plurality of software components to be installed and accessing a seventh plurality of metadata regarding the first plurality of software components previously installed (*see Column 13: 13-15 and 21-24, “A root directory includes a sub-directory for each installed program, indicating the program name and version.” and “The dependency subdirectory would list the program name, version, fileset name, and fileset version for each program on which the fileset including the dependency subdirectory depends.”.*).

However, Curtis does not disclose:

- an indication of incompatibility with a previously installed software component;
- determining a fourth plurality of software components suitable for parallel installation;
- determining an order in which the fourth plurality of software components can be grouped for a fifth plurality of parallel installations;

- analyzing the sixth plurality of metadata to determine an eight plurality of potential conflicts between the second plurality of software components to be installed and the first plurality of software components previously installed on the system;
- wherein a pre-deployment analysis allows the second plurality of software components to be installed in parallel and in a sequence of groups;
- wherein an installation time for the plurality of applications is reduced; and
- wherein the plurality of applications includes an application server.

Te'eni discloses:

- an indication of incompatibility with a previously installed software component (*see Column 1: 61-64, "When performing the predefined procedures necessary for an upgrade to be implemented frequently dependency conflicts may arise among the components present and the components to be installed."*); and
- analyzing the sixth plurality of metadata to determine an eight plurality of potential conflicts between the second plurality of software components to be installed and the first plurality of software components previously installed on the system (*see Column 1: 61-64, "When performing the predefined procedures necessary for an upgrade to be implemented frequently dependency conflicts may arise among the components present and the components to be installed."*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Te'eni into the teaching of Curtis to include an indication of incompatibility with a previously installed software component; and analyzing the sixth plurality of metadata to determine an eight plurality of potential conflicts between the

second plurality of software components to be installed and the first plurality of software components previously installed on the system. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to prevent any unsuccessful installation (*see Te'eni – Column 1: 64-66*).

Foster discloses:

- determining a fourth plurality of software components suitable for parallel installation (*see Column 10: 6-8, “... other packages may be concurrently installed that require the presence of package 200 on the system.”*);
 - determining an order in which the fourth plurality of software components can be grouped for a fifth plurality of parallel installations (*see Column 10: 8-10, “... the system checks the dependencies between package 200 and the packages that are being simultaneously installed.”*);
 - wherein a pre-deployment analysis allows the second plurality of software components to be installed in parallel and in a sequence of groups (*see Column 10: 8-10, “... the packages that are being simultaneously installed.”*); and
 - wherein an installation time for the plurality of applications is reduced (*see Column 10: 8-10, “... the packages that are being simultaneously installed.”*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Foster into the teaching of Curtis to include determining a fourth plurality of software components suitable for parallel installation; determining an order in which the fourth plurality of software components can be grouped for a fifth plurality of parallel installations; wherein a pre-deployment analysis allows the second

plurality of software components to be installed in parallel and in a sequence of groups; and wherein an installation time for the plurality of applications is reduced. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide an efficient and simple solution for packaging, distributing and installing software (*see Foster – Column 1: 43-44*).

Cicciarelli discloses:

- wherein the plurality of applications includes an application server (*see Paragraph [0014], “For example, a suite may contain a number of IBM middleware products which are to be deployed across an enterprise, such as IBM WebSphere® Application Server, IBM HTTP Server, Lotus® Domino™, DB2 Universal Database™, and associated clients.”*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Cicciarelli into the teaching of Curtis to include wherein the plurality of applications includes an application server. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to install an application server.

As per **Claim 3**, the rejection of **Claim 1** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- updating the data structure with an identity of a ninth plurality of recently installed software components (*see Column 13: 28-30, “The information in this directory is created whenever a component is installed. For instance, whenever a program is installed, a subdirectory is created under the root directory.”*).

As per **Claim 4**, the rejection of **Claim 1** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- providing a user with a plurality of options for the eight plurality of potential conflicts (*see Column 12: 35-45, “If so, control transfers to block 534 where the program displays on the display means 14 the name of the dependent component that was not located on the system and a radio button to allow the user to selectively cause the execution of the install script in the Install 416 or SInstall 418 fields. If there is not install script, then control transfers to block 536 where the program displays information maintained in the install information field 426 to inform the user on where to obtain the dependent component that is needed before the program may be installed.”*).

As per **Claim 6**, the rejection of **Claim 4** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- wherein a second option includes continuing an installation (*see Column 12: 51-53, “When the user selects to install the file, the install program 17 will execute the install script in either the Install 416 or SInstall field 418.”*).

- As per **Claim 7**, the rejection of **Claim 6** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:
- upon the exercise of the second option, recording an entry in a log indicative of a conflict and of a continuation of installation (*see Figure 2: 140; Column 7: 4-5, “During install, the log 140 and ‘uninstall.Java1’ 150 information are built.”; Column 8: 24-29, “... providing various logs, e.g. a log for keeping track of what is being installed, and a log that reports the progress of install. Logs are used for both the install and uninstall process. Furthermore, these*

logs are human readable which allows them to be checked, e.g., after a silent install, to ensure that a file has installed successfully.”).

As per **Claim 8**, the rejection of **Claim 1** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- initiating a removal of a software component from a system (*see Figure 6: 560;*

Column 13: 50-51, “... the program processes a request to uninstall a program.”); and

- identifying a tenth plurality of remaining software components which depend on the

*software component to be removed (*see Column 13: 59-62, “The uninstall program may navigate the directory structure from the dependency directory shown in FIG. 5 to determine dependant programs that depend on the program subject to the uninstallation.”*).*

As per **Claim 9**, the rejection of **Claim 8** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- providing a user with a plurality of options if the tenth plurality of dependent

*remaining software components are identified (*see Column 12: 35-45, “If so, control transfers to block 534 where the program displays on the display means 14 the name of the dependent component that was not located on the system and a radio button to allow the user to selectively cause the execution of the install script in the Install 416 or SInstall 418 fields. If there is not install script, then control transfers to block 536 where the program displays information maintained in the install information field 426 to inform the user on where to obtain the dependent component that is needed before the program may be installed.”*).*

As per **Claim 10**, the rejection of **Claim 9** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- wherein a first option includes aborting a removal (*see Figure 6: 570; Column 13: 62-63, “Control then transfers to block 570 to exit uninstallation ...”*).

As per **Claim 11**, the rejection of **Claim 9** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- wherein a second option includes continuing a removal (*see Figure 6: 568; Column 13: 55-56, “Otherwise, control transfers to block 568 to proceed with the uninstallation.”*).

As per **Claim 12**, the rejection of **Claim 8** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- identifying a first software component previously installed on a system which is dependent upon a removed software component (*see Column 13: 4-6 and 64-67, “... before uninstalling a program, a determination may be made as to whether other installed components depend on the file being uninstalled.” and “... information indicating the depending programs that should be uninstalled before continuing with the uninstallation of the program, which is a dependent program.”*); and

- determining an identity of a second software component upon which the first software component depends (*see Column 13: 1-4, “During installation of a dependent program, dependency information from the Dependency Object 400 may be written to a dependency location indicating dependent components of the installed file.”*).

As per **Claim 13**, the rejection of **Claim 12** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- installing the second software component upon which the first software component depends (*see Column 13: 1-4, “During installation of a dependent program, dependency*

information from the Dependency Object 400 may be written to a dependency location indicating dependent components of the installed file.”); and

- creating a dependency link between the first software component and the second software component (*see Column 13: 1-4, “Dependency Object 400 may be written to a dependency location indicating dependent components of the installed file.”*).

Claim 14 is a system claim corresponding to the computer implemented method claim above (Claim 1) and, therefore, is rejected for the same reason set forth in the rejection of Claim 1.

As per **Claim 16**, the rejection of **Claim 14** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- a means for loading an installation package including the data structure (*see Figure 2: 101; Column 5: 56-58, “A script, referred to herein as ‘installerjava’, 101 FIG. 2, is used to run the install engine. The script implements the base installer class in Java.”; Column 7: 40-45, “... a platform independent registry database class 220 is created which ties the platform specific code 201 with registry objects 332. The registry database 220 implements the registry function for those platforms which do not have a registry.”*).

As per **Claim 17**, the rejection of **Claim 14** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- a ninth plurality of references among the plurality of software components to be installed and located in the data structure (*see Column 13: 18-24, “Each installed file set component has a Dependency subdirectory which includes information on each dependent*

component on which the file set and program depend in order to operate. The dependency subdirectory would list the program name, version, filesset name, and filesset version for each program on which the filesset including the dependency subdirectory depends.”).

As per **Claim 18**, the rejection of **Claim 17** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- a means for accessing the data structure (*see Column 13: 28-29, “The information in this directory is created whenever a component is installed.”*).

As per **Claim 19**, the rejection of **Claim 14** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:
*- a means for installing the second plurality of software components across a plurality of enterprise resources (*see Column 4: 39-44, “... the dependency object may be used across operating systems to check dependencies for all operating systems on which the install program operates. In this way, the dependency object is part of the cross-platform capabilities that allow the installer program to install products on different operating system platforms.”*).*

As per **Claim 21**, Curtis discloses:

- determining a first plurality of software components previously installed on a system (*see Column 11: 11-20, “... a call to the check_dependency function ... This function determines whether the file, program or registry object indicated in the dependency object 400 is installed on the computer.”*);
- determining a second plurality of software components to be installed on the system (*see Figure 2: 340; Column 11: 23-24, “... a file set 340 is installed.”*);

- accessing a third plurality of software component deployment dependency data (see

Column 13: 18-21, “Each installed file set component has a Dependency subdirectory which includes information on each dependent component on which the file set and program depend in order to operate.”); and

- accessing a sixth plurality of metadata from a data structure regarding the second

plurality of software components to be installed and accessing a seventh plurality of metadata

regarding the first plurality of software components previously installed (see Column 13: 13-15

and 21-24, “A root directory includes a sub-directory for each installed program, indicating the program name and version.” and “The dependency subdirectory would list the program name,

version, fileset name, and fileset version for each program on which the fileset including the

dependency subdirectory depends.”).

However, Curtis does not disclose:

- determining a fourth plurality of software components suitable for parallel

installation;

- determining an order in which the fourth plurality of software components can be

grouped for a fifth plurality of parallel installations;

- analyzing the sixth plurality of metadata to determine an eight plurality of potential

conflicts between the second plurality of software components to be installed and the first

plurality of software components previously installed on the system;

- wherein the pre-deployment analysis allows the second plurality of software

components to be installed in parallel and in a sequence of groups;

- wherein an installation time for the plurality of applications is reduced; and

- wherein the plurality of applications includes an application server.

Te'eni discloses:

- analyzing the sixth plurality of metadata to determine an eight plurality of potential conflicts between the second plurality of software components to be installed and the first plurality of software components previously installed on the system (*see Column 1: 61-64, "When performing the predefined procedures necessary for an upgrade to be implemented frequently dependency conflicts may arise among the components present and the components to be installed."*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Te'eni into the teaching of Curtis to include analyzing the sixth plurality of metadata to determine an eight plurality of potential conflicts between the second plurality of software components to be installed and the first plurality of software components previously installed on the system. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to prevent any unsuccessful installation (*see Te'eni – Column 1: 64-66*).

Foster discloses:

- determining a fourth plurality of software components suitable for parallel installation (*see Column 10: 6-8, "... other packages may be concurrently installed that require the presence of package 200 on the system."*);
- determining an order in which the fourth plurality of software components can be grouped for a fifth plurality of parallel installations (*see Column 10: 8-10, "... the system checks*

the dependencies between package 200 and the packages that are being simultaneously installed.”);

- wherein the pre-deployment analysis allows the second plurality of software components to be installed in parallel and in a sequence of groups (*see Column 10: 8-10, “... the packages that are being simultaneously installed.”*); and
- wherein an installation time for the plurality of applications is reduced (*see Column 10: 8-10, “... the packages that are being simultaneously installed.”*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Foster into the teaching of Curtis to include determining a fourth plurality of software components suitable for parallel installation; determining an order in which the fourth plurality of software components can be grouped for a fifth plurality of parallel installations; wherein the pre-deployment analysis allows the second plurality of software components to be installed in parallel and in a sequence of groups; and wherein an installation time for the plurality of applications is reduced. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide an efficient and simple solution for packaging, distributing and installing software (*see Foster – Column 1: 43-44*).

Cicciarelli discloses:

- wherein the plurality of applications includes an application server (*see Paragraph [0014], “For example, a suite may contain a number of IBM middleware products which are to be deployed across an enterprise, such as IBM WebSphere® Application Server, IBM HTTP Server, Lotus® Domino™, DB2 Universal Database™, and associated clients.”*).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Cicciarelli into the teaching of Curtis to include wherein the plurality of applications includes an application server. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to install an application server.

As per **Claim 23**, the rejection of **Claim 21** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- updating a data structure with an identity of a ninth plurality of recently installed software components (*see Column 13: 28-30, “The information in this directory is created whenever a component is installed. For instance, whenever a program is installed, a subdirectory is created under the root directory.”*).

As per **Claim 24**, the rejection of **Claim 21** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- providing a user with a plurality of options if a conflict is identified (*see Column 12: 35-45, “If so, control transfers to block 534 where the program displays on the display means 14 the name of the dependent component that was not located on the system and a radio button to allow the user to selectively cause the execution of the install script in the Install 416 or SInstall 418 fields. If there is not install script, then control transfers to block 536 where the program displays information maintained in the install information field 426 to inform the user on where to obtain the dependent component that is needed before the program may be installed.”*).

As per **Claim 26**, the rejection of **Claim 24** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- wherein a second option includes continuing an installation (*see Column 12: 51-53, "When the user selects to install the file, the install program 17 will execute the install script in either the Install 416 or SInstall field 418."*).

As per **Claim 27**, the rejection of **Claim 26** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- upon the exercise of the second option, recording an entry in a log indicative of the conflict and of a continuation of the installation (*see Figure 2: 140; Column 7: 4-5, "During install, the log 140 and 'uninstall.Java1' 150 information are built."; Column 8: 24-29, "... providing various logs, e.g. a log for keeping track of what is being installed, and a log that reports the progress of install. Logs are used for both the install and uninstall process. Furthermore, these logs are human readable which allows them to be checked, e.g., after a silent install, to ensure that a file has installed successfully."*).

As per **Claim 28**, the rejection of **Claim 21** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- initiating a removal of a software component from a system (*see Figure 6: 560; Column 13: 50-51, "... the program processes a request to uninstall a program."*); and
- identifying a plurality of remaining software components which depend on the software component to be removed (*see Column 13: 59-62, "The uninstall program may navigate the directory structure from the dependency directory shown in FIG. 5 to determine dependant programs that depend on the program subject to the uninstallation."*).

As per **Claim 29**, the rejection of **Claim 28** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- providing a user with a plurality of options if a dependent remaining software component is identified (*see Column 12: 35-45, “If so, control transfers to block 534 where the program displays on the display means 14 the name of the dependent component that was not located on the system and a radio button to allow the user to selectively cause the execution of the install script in the Install 416 or SInstall 418 fields. If there is not install script, then control transfers to block 536 where the program displays information maintained in the install information field 426 to inform the user on where to obtain the dependent component that is needed before the program may be installed.”*).

As per **Claim 30**, the rejection of **Claim 29** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- wherein a first option includes aborting the removal (*see Figure 6: 570; Column 13: 62-63, “Control then transfers to block 570 to exit uninstallation ...”*).

As per **Claim 31**, the rejection of **Claim 29** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- wherein a second option includes continuing the removal (*see Figure 6: 568; Column 13: 55-56, “Otherwise, control transfers to block 568 to proceed with the uninstallation.”*).

As per **Claim 32**, the rejection of **Claim 28** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- identifying a first software component previously installed on the system which is dependent upon a removed software component (*see Column 13: 4-6 and 64-67, “... before uninstalling a program, a determination may be made as to whether other installed components depend on the file being uninstalled.” and “... information indicating the depending programs*

that should be uninstalled before continuing with the uninstallation of the program, which is a dependent program.”); and

- indicating the identity of a second software component upon which the first software component depends (*see Column 13: 1-4, “During installation of a dependent program, dependency information from the Dependency Object 400 may be written to a dependency location indicating dependent components of the installed file.”*).

As per **Claim 33**, the rejection of **Claim 32** is incorporated; and Curtis further discloses:

- installing the second software component upon which the first software component depends (*see Column 13: 1-4, “During installation of a dependent program, dependency information from the Dependency Object 400 may be written to a dependency location indicating dependent components of the installed file.”*); and
- creating a dependency link between the first software component and the second software component (*see Column 13: 1-4, “Dependency Object 400 may be written to a dependency location indicating dependent components of the installed file.”*).

16. **Claims 5 and 25** are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Curtis** in view of **Te’eni, Foster**, and **Cicciarelli** as applied to Claims 4 and 24 above, and further in view of **Bourke-Dunphy**.

As per **Claim 5**, the rejection of **Claim 4** is incorporated; however, Curtis, Te’eni, Foster, and Cicciarelli do not disclose:

- wherein a first option includes aborting an installation.

Bourke-Dunphy discloses:

- wherein a first option includes aborting an installation (*see Figure 5: 236; Column 8: 35-38, "... the user may select a CANCEL action button 236 to return to the component selection user interface ... where the user may manually modify the component selections.").*

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Bourke-Dunphy into the teaching of Curtis to include wherein a first option includes aborting an installation. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to allow the user to exit the current installation, correct the error identified, and reinitiate the installation procedure (*see Bourke-Dunphy – Column 1: 27-34*).

As per **Claim 25**, the rejection of **Claim 24** is incorporated; however, Curtis, Te’eni, Foster, and Cicciarelli do not disclose:

- wherein a first option includes aborting an installation.

Bourke-Dunphy discloses:

- wherein a first option includes aborting an installation (*see Figure 5: 236; Column 8: 35-38, "... the user may select a CANCEL action button 236 to return to the component selection user interface ... where the user may manually modify the component selections.").*

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Bourke-Dunphy into the teaching of Curtis to include wherein a first option includes aborting an installation. The modification would be

obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to allow the user to exit the current installation, correct the error identified, and reinitiate the installation procedure (*see Bourke-Dunphy – Column 1: 27-34*).

Response to Arguments

17. Applicant's arguments with respect to Claims 1, 14, 20, 21, and 34 have been considered, but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

18. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to Applicant's disclosure.

19. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to Qing Chen whose telephone number is 571-270-1071. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday from 7:30 AM to 4:00 PM. The Examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Wei Zhen, can be reached on 571-272-3708. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the TC 2100 Group receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-2100.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/QC/
March 8, 2008
/Wei Zhen/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2191